

THE CHIEFTAIN

61.50 PER YEAR.

R. W. Lips, Business Manager.

VINIA, I. T., JAN. 3, 1935.

Rate of Advertising.

One square, 10 lines, 10 days, \$1.50
For the first insertion, and 15 cents for each subsequent day.

| SPACE | 10 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 | 90 | 100 |
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| One square, 10 lines, 10 days | 15 | 30 | 45 | 60 | 75 | 90 | 105 | 120 | 135 | 150 |
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| One column, 10 lines, 10 days | 150 | 300 | 450 | 600 | 750 | 900 | 1050 | 1200 | 1350 | 1500 |

Twelve and one-half per cent added to the above rates for double-column advertisements.

All advertisements will be charged by the square unless contract is made by the month or year.

Church Directory.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.
Preaching every Sabbath at 10:45 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school at 2:30 p. m. Regular prayer meeting every Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Young people's society meeting every Sabbath at 6:45 p. m. Rev. J. W. Scroggs, Pastor.

Methodist Episcopal Church South.
Preaching at the first, third and fourth Sabbaths at 11 a. m. and every Sabbath at 7 p. m. Prayer meeting every Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Sabbath school every Sabbath at 10 a. m. Rev. J. O. Shanks, Pastor in charge.

Presbyterian Church.
Services every Sabbath at the M. E. Church, at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Rev. Wm. F. Harvorth, Pastor.

Railroad Time Tables.

MISSOURI PACIFIC.
Northbound: No. 130, Texas, St. Louis and Hannibal, express, 10:14 p. m. No. 134, Texas, Kansas and Missouri, express, 12:35 p. m. Southbound: No. 131, Hannibal, St. Louis and Texas, express, 11:13 a. m. No. 133, Missouri, Kansas and Texas, express, 12:45 p. m.

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO.
Passenger, east, 2:05 p. m. Passenger, west, 12:25 p. m. Freight, east, 4:15 a. m. Freight, west, 1:15 p. m. Passenger and freight, 11:15 p. m. Passenger and freight, 11:15 p. m. H. H. Lumsden, Agent.

LOCAL LINKS.

—Write it 1935.

—More weather, and worse and worse.

—Fresh car load of salt at Green's.

—Wheat, bran and shorts, at Wm. Little's.

—Ed. Hicks, of Claremore, was in to see us to-day.

—Why don't somebody ship more coal to Vinia?

—Car load of Pierce City Flour just received at Green's.

—Dedication of Worcester Academy, Sunday, January 14th.

—Miss Nettie Graves has been visiting friends here this week.

—Look at those votes at Green's. They are going for almost nothing.

—The recent cold storm seems to have produced several births in town.

—J. A. Foreman passed through Vinia Thursday, on his way from Tahlequah.

—Worcester Academy opened January 1st, with 56 scholars and more coming.

—W. S. Wells, of Joplin, Mo., the well known organ agent, was in the city this week.

—Mrs. Cox has opened her home to board scholars, and engaged six the first day.

—Council appropriated \$9,000 to vaccinate Cherokee citizens. Now let the doctors get at it.

—About twenty persons watched the old year out at the Congregational church last Sunday.

—The tower of the Congregational church will be completed in a few weeks. It will be a beauty.

—A. E. Engart, the live and well known insurance agent of Muskogee, was in the city last week.

—Dr. O. Bagby, returned from Labadie, Mo., on last Saturday, and says he is here to stay this time.

—Miss Jessie Durham, of Springfield, Mo., was in the city during holidays, visiting friends and relatives.

—Charley Lynch says its a booming boy and weighed ten pounds at birth. His name is "John."

—About \$400 has been secured towards building a cottage for the teachers of the Academy. It will be built soon.

—B. H. Case, of Muskogee, came up to the village hall, but could not stay longer on account of his business at home.

—Henry Drew, James Keys, and E. B. Sanders were appointed by town commissioners, by Chief Bushyhead.

—Miss Anna Gray, of Cheltenham, was in the city during the holidays, visiting her brother, Mr. Robert Knight.

—Edna J. M. Watson is leading a series of meetings at the Congregational church. They will continue next week.

—F. L. Decker returned on Thursday, from Holden, Mo., where he had been, spending the holidays with his friends.

—Major Lyons, of Ft. Gibson, passed through Vinia Thursday, on his way to Neosho, Mo., to attend to some legal business.

—Misses Pauline and Julia Patton, were in the city during the holidays, visiting their parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Patton.

—The weather is very cold but it doesn't stop the building. Mr. Hunt is putting up a nice residence in the southwest part of town.

—Mrs. J. H. Aiken, who lives west of Vinia eight miles, was in the city last week, enjoying the holidays with her many friends.

—Miss Maggie Degross and Miss Goodykoonz, of Neosho, Mo., were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Goodykoonz during the holidays.

—Married, at the residence of Mr. Sixkiller, Mr. John D. Loughran to Miss Hattie E. Broderick, by Prof. Scroggs, December 30th, 1934.

—The place to buy tinware, glassware and queensware is at Robert Ironside's. He is always ready to wait on you. The boss grocer.

—The painters completed the last finishing touches on Worcester Academy on Tuesday. Work was begun September 10th. It was a quick job.

—Col. O. B. Lawrence, of Warsaw, New York, has donated \$57.40 worth of lesson papers, etc., to the Union Sabbath School of Vinia for the year 1935.

—We were surprised on Sunday morning to see the whole face of the earth covered with a beautiful coat of snow, about 3 inches deep. It reminded us of old times.

—Capt. J. B. Rowley, formerly editor of the Baxter Springs News, but now of the Kansas City Times, was in the city last week, and made the CHIEFTAIN a pleasant call.

—We have an epidemic of colds and coughs. Bath your feet in hot water before going to bed, and keep out of these cold damp winds or we will have a scourge of pneumonia.

—One of the most creditable items of the Christmas celebration in Vinia this year, was a regular German "Paiz", gotten up by Mr. D. E. Ward. We shall hope for another next year.

—Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Louis, of Dos Moines, Iowa, were in the city last week, visiting Mr. and Mrs. Harvorth. They were on their way to Texas, to make an extended visit through that State.

—A subscriber writes to us as follows: "Please tell me in your next paper, what right our Council has to sell to U. S. citizens, the public domain and oblige." None, and the Council has not done so.

—Mr. Edwin Archer, of the C. N. generally, called to see us to-day. Mr. Archer has been unwell for sometime past, but is steadily improving. He talks of giving a select reading at the Academy soon.

—Worcester Academy will be dedicated January 14th inst. Several visitors from Springfield, St. Louis and the east will attend. The dedication sermon will include a memorial of Dr. Worcester, by an old member of the American Board.

—P. H. Case is the proudest man in town this week, having been presented with an eight pound boy. His name is Bruce Alonso. Frank says he woke up this morning, and commenced talking Cherokee, but he will soon learn him to talk English.

—Green has just completed invoicing his stock and finds he has several hundred dollars worth of goods that he is bound to get the money out of somehow. These job lots will be sold at low prices, no matter how low. Now is the time for bargains.

—Clem Rogers, one of the large cattle dealers, who lives near Claremore, was in the city Tuesday and Wednesday, and made us a very pleasant call. Mr. Rogers came over with his children to make arrangements for them to attend school at the Academy.

—Miss Pamela Walton, who has been in the city for the past three months, left on last Friday for Gainesville, Texas, where she will remain until spring. Miss Walton has made many friends here, and she will be missed in the society of the young folks of Vinia, who will welcome her return.

—The use of tobacco is expensive, filthy and demoralizing. It makes children of the more dull and weakly, wasting in nerve force and often idiotic. It is entirely useless. There is no real good in it. There are boys in Vinia who have been in under ten years of age. Parents should stop it. If necessary the law should interfere. By the way New Year's is a good time to swear off.

—The dinner at the Mason's Hall, on the 27th ult., was a pleasant affair, and was attended by the Mason's and their families. The following officers were installed for the ensuing year: J. F. Couch, W. M.; C. H. Hampton, S. W.; John Caldwell, Treas.; W. J. Strange, Sec'y; Charles Tucker, Chap.; J. M. Tittle, J. D.; C. B. Wingfield, Tyler; George Davis and W. C. Chamberlin, Stewards.

—Judge T. M. Walker and his brother Jack Walker, of Illinois District, passed up the road yesterday on their way to Cleveland, Tenn., to visit their mother. The Judge has not seen her in thirty years and Jack has not seen her in twenty-five years. Their meeting will certainly be a joyful one. Both are good citizens of the Nation and we wish them a happy visit to her whom children never forget—a mother.

—Iuwah, a very industrious young man, living at Widow Clark's, on the Spavannu, about 20 miles south of Vinia, was instantly killed on Christmas morning, by one of his comrades, a young man named Hawk. They were the very best of friends, up to Christmas morning, and had been living, working and drinking together, and too much "bust-head" was the cause of the terrible deed. Both boys bore a good reputation so far as we can learn, but something occurred between them, and being under the influence of liquor they became very envious toward each other. They had a fight but were quieted by their friends, but later came together and Hawk fired the fatal shot, killing Iuwah instantly. Hawk was arrested by the neighbors and taken charge of, and is now in custody awaiting his trial. Iuwah was a full-blood Cherokee. Hawk was also a Cherokee.

How to Utilize the Territory.

In the Caldwell, Oklahoma, ed. of December 14th, W. H. Hutcheson, the editor ventilates himself thusly:

"One way to solve the Indian question in the western part of the Indian Territory, is to place the Indians upon smaller reservations and lease the remainder of the land for stock purposes, the proceeds to be devoted to the support of the Indians. If a plan of this kind could be put into good shape and properly presented to congress, there is not the least doubt but it would be adopted. The benefit of its adoption would be incalculable to Indians, while at the same time the money received from the rental of the lands for stock purposes would relieve the government of a heavy tax, and the Indian at the same time, would be better fed and clothed than he is now. If our stockmen are wise they will carefully consider this proposition, and after so doing, we are confident they will heartily approve of and support it."

For an editor of a public journal to show himself so grossly ignorant, of a subject about which he proposes to advise and propose plans, is simply too ridiculous. He expects, too, that stockmen will consider and approve the proposition.

Mr. Hutcheson has got to learn yet that the Cherokees own at least 19,000,000 acres of land, and have a patent from the United States for it. That they have invested and held in trust by the U. S. Government nearly \$2,650,000, the interest upon which amounts yearly to about \$160,000. That we have a constitutional and representative government. That we have more than a hundred public schools, besides high schools, Asylums for Orphan and Lunatics, and other infirm—all at our own expense. Besides this, there is still due the Cherokees money from the "strip" included in Kansas—from the Pawnees, Poncas, and Nez Percés for lands they occupy but have not paid for—and the revenues collected from lands east and west of 98 amounted to \$61,000 for the last year. How supremely foolish to talk about feeding and clothing people that never was fed and clothed at Government expense and give him so many proofs of their ability to take care of thousands. Still the proposition should be by all means be put in "good shape," and the editor of the Commercial be vested with full powers to present this wonderful and clearly demonstrated solution of the Indian question.

THE CHEROKEE OUTLIER.

Notice to be Forwarded Thursday.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 28th. —Reports have reached the Indian Bureau from the Cherokee Nation, Indian Territory, to the effect that the white men are erecting buildings, and fencing off pastures in the Cherokee Outlet.

Commissioner Price to-day addressed a letter to Agent Telfs, at Muskogee, to warn the white herders to remove their stock from the reservation, allowing them twenty days for their exit. If the herders fail to get out at that time the Agent is authorized to call on the military to eject them. —Globe-Democrat, Dec. 31st ult.

HOLIDAYS IN VINIA.

The past ten days have been the most pleasant days ever known before in the history of this country. Some kind of an entertainment was on the programme every night from the Saturday evening before Christmas to the present time; which was made glorious by the Christmas tree at the Methodist church, and Jacob's Ladder, which attracted a great deal of attention. The tree was loaded with presents for almost every one present—and some who were absent—received presents to remind them that another Christmas was coming. The church was beautifully decorated and the tree so heavily loaded with Christmas gifts, binding its boughs, and the church lighted up in such elegant style, made the whole affair one of the most cheerful ever before in the city, and was a credit to Vinia.

On the Sunday following there was preaching at both churches; at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m., at the Congregational, by Rev. J. W. Scroggs, and at the same time at the Methodist church by Rev. J. O. Shanks.

On Christmas morning, about 6 o'clock, we were awakened by the fearful whistle of the "Prisco" engine, which made us all think of town was on fire, and such a rushing for windows was never before. But all at once we came to the conclusion that another Christmas was here. Then the firing of guns, revolvers and barking of dogs combined, and all at once would have awakened the deaf man in the Territory. In a few minutes the streets were thronged with people on their way to the Christmas tree, at the Congregational church, which was a grand success. Everything was completed, and so well arranged, it went just like clock-work. At 5 o'clock the church was filled to its utmost with the citizens of Vinia. Santa Claus dressed in his fine costume was there; we must compliment him on his looks, for he was the best dressed Santa we ever saw, and, of course, he had an elegant line of Christmas goods to distribute, which he done with the greatest ease. There was also an illumination which made the tree look very nice, so early in the morning.

At 11 a. m. there was preaching at the Congregational church by the Rev. Mr. Scroggs. There was another entertainment on Christmas night at the Congregational church, and the benefit of the church, which proved to be a great success both for pleasure and finances. Commencing with the concert exercises, which was simply immense, and well worth the admittance of 50 cents. It would have been a credit to any city. After the concert was over the oyster supper was ready for those who would partake of the luxuries of life. Then Mr. Goodykoonz sold some very fine cakes that were made by the ladies of Vinia. Some selling as high as \$8.00. After this a cake was to be given to the best looking lady in the house, which was to be given by votes, each vote costing ten cents. Two ladies were voted to till the cake cost over \$80.00. It was finally given to Miss Miss Miller. The entertainment closed by distributing the proceeds of the Christmas tree.

On Tuesday evening was a Calico Ball, at the San Francisco Hotel, which was well attended and perfect order maintained. There were about twenty couples present and the programme of Quadrilles, Waltzes, Schottis, etc. At 11 o'clock they were invited to a bountiful supper, by the Landlord, Mr. J. A. Case. This supper almost made us think they would have calico balls every night.

—There was a very pleasant prize party at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Raymond's, on the day evening.

—The party on Friday evening given by Mr. and Mrs. G. Green, at their residence, was very pleasant one for all those present.

—A pleasant party was given Saturday evening, by Mr. and Mrs. Goodykoonz. With Mr. Chamberlin presiding at the violin they danced several sets, played cards, and other games, making the evening most very short.

—A watch meeting was held at the Congregational church on the day evening. The house was well filled for the occasion.

—New Year's cards were early Monday morning sent out by their cards as they went from house to house.

—The beautiful snow which came on Sunday, finished the party with a grand sleigh ride and we are told, some sleighing was done. Make your little stronger, boys, or to your looks.

—While writing the paper Robert Knight's sister was during the holidays, his mother, Mrs. Hawk, who was also here.

THE CREEK WAR.

Is-pa-be-chas men say, the cause of the Creek trouble is, the want of protection from their government. That after their trouble last summer, they complied with the Chief's Proclamation, and went to their homes, where they expected to be protected and remain in peace, but did not find it. That some irresponsible, small officers, were continually harassing them, and fighting their women and children; that the Creek Government failing to give them the protection they were entitled to, and expected, they moved their women and children out of the country to a place of safety, and prepared to protect themselves.

There are various accounts of the fight on Sunday, December 17. A Creek Indian of considerable intelligence, who was in the fight, reports Is-pa-be-chas party as 300 strong, and about 250 in the fight. That they had 140 men, 80 under Jim Red-axe, and 60 under Jim Red-axe, and about 80 of them were in the fight against the 250. The Creek moved around to the creek to the creek to the creek, and they moved around to the creek, and they were on that account forced to retreat; they know Is-pa-be-chas men they killed, wounded; and they think killed more; as two wagons full of dead were hauled off; this was when they were retreating and went back to bury their dead. They also learned the Is-pa-be-chas party had agreed to kill many of their lost. They lost their side 7 killed, and 2 wounded.

The Is-pa-be-chas account is they had about 180 men in the fight, that they went into it calm and deliberate, and made no noise, let their enemy do all the whooping, while they done the work. They say they killed 10, but say there were none of their men killed and only one slightly wounded across the back of the hand.

The U. S. Agent, Col. Tufts, was asked to interfere. Some U. S. troops were sent to Okmulgee, the capital of the Creek Nation, a few miles from Muskogee and Etowah. He went himself to Okmulgee, and suggested plans for a settlement, which they consented to. There is now a cessation of hostilities. Each party are to appoint a committee to meet at United Agency, and agree as to what manner, and who shall settle their troubles.

Whether by a Commission composed of the Chief Executive of the Cherokee, Choctaw, and Chickasaw Nations, or by one appointed by the Hon. Secretary of the Interior, or a joint commission of the Indians and citizens of the State, and also to agree as to manner of settling testimony on both sides, each party to bind themselves under a penalty, to the decision of the Commission. The penalty to be on the party violating or not complying with the terms of the settlement.

U. S. troops all returned to Muskogee. The forces of the Creek Nation disbanded, and the Is-pa-be-chas party to return to their homes, as they choose.

WANTED.

None other need apply. A. C. RAYMOND.

Following letter has been received by Agent Telfs to the effect that cattle men on the Cherokee Outlet, and fully explain the same to the United Agency, Muskogee, Indian Territory, January 2nd, 1935.

When I was called on by the United Agency, I was informed that the cattle men on the Cherokee Outlet, and fully explain the same to the United Agency, Muskogee, Indian Territory, January 2nd, 1935.

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ANOTHER MURDER!

J. T. Lester Shot and Killed by C. S. Rutledge, by a Shot-Gun Loaded With Buck-Shot.

Yesterday at 12:30, Mr. J. T. Lester came up from Muskogee, and went over to Rutledge's house, and after a few words with Rutledge, hit him with his quirt and pistol and told him he "had come to kill him." But no shots were fired. Sometime afterwards Rutledge with his shot-gun, and Lester with his pistol, began firing at each other. Rutledge fired two shots, the first missing and the second taking effect in Lester's spine and hip. Lester was taken to Isbell's, and afterwards moved to the San Francisco Hotel, where he died at 10:15 last evening. He did not talk about his troubles to anyone, because he thought he was not going to die. When we saw him last, as he was very weak, we said nothing to him about his troubles. He was taken to Muskogee this morning.

The following is a synopsis of C. S. Rutledge's statement, as given to a reporter in our office last evening:

"J. T. Lester, who lives about 8 miles from Muskogee, came up yesterday, went down to the livery stable and got a horse, and came down to my house, about three hundred yards from the depot, he called me out from my front gate, we shook hands as usual, and after passing the compliments in friendly terms, Lester said to me, 'G—d—m you, I have come to kill you.'"

"What did you say then?" asked the reporter.

"I asked him what he meant by that," and he said, "you G—d—m a—b—, I have come to kill you." "I asked him to give me a chance and not abuse and kill me that way, but give me some show for my life."

He swore again and repeated, "G—d—m you, I have come to kill you," and hit me over the head with his quirt, and ordered me to give up my money. He then drew his revolver, repeating the same oaths, and at the same time hitting me on the head with his revolver.

I told him I was unarmed, and he then asked me if I had any revolver in the house," and he also asked my wife if I had any. I had none. I told him again not to abuse me that way, as I was unarmed.

He then ordered down to Isbell's, (the marshal's) gate. I went and then threatened to kill me again.

He then ordered me back to my own gate.

He repeated again he had come to kill me.

I asked him to get down and come into my house, and not act that way.

He refused to go in, just at this time, Isbell, the Marshal, was passing and Lester called to him to come by.

He told Mr. Isbell "he had come here intending to kill me." Isbell spoke to both of us in this way: "Boys you had better settle without any further fighting."

He then called to Isbell to see him privately. They walked off down to Isbell's gate, talked awhile and then went into Isbell's stable and Isbell went into Isbell's stable.

I walked into my house and got my gun, and waited till he came out, which was about an hour, when he came out he and Isbell started up town together. I saw them through the window and took them into my house and Isbell went into my house.

"Do you want to say anything about your troubles?"

"If you want to say anything about your troubles, I had planned to go to Isbell's stable, but Isbell had taken him from the start as I had told several men. And he found out I had betrayed him. Rutledge is now under arrest, he having given himself up."

The mighty Captain Payne has turned himself loose again in some of his choice English. We have no time this week to give him the attention he seems to require, but shall endeavor to impress upon his mind in the near future, that it is neither good sense nor good policy to "beat with the buzz saw while in motion." —Commercial.

J. Q. TURNER, U. S. Indian Agent.

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FT. SPUNKY.

FROM INDIAN CHIEFTAIN.—Dear Sir: Since Christmas is over and we have had our little fun, I thought I would give you some items in regard to the smallpox, which has been playing and havoc with the people in this vicinity. Since its appearance, which took place some three months ago, there has been thirty-seven deaths, nine recoveries, ten patients under treatment, all of which are doing well, there are five persons exposed, and are liable to contract the disease. I have twenty-six persons in the quarantine. I hope to through with this work by the first of February,—at which time the grief stricken and broken hearted people can return to their respective homes—to behold what was their comfortable cabins nothing more than a heap of ashes.

These people will surely suffer with cold and hunger, unless there be more liberal provisions made on the part of the Cherokee government.